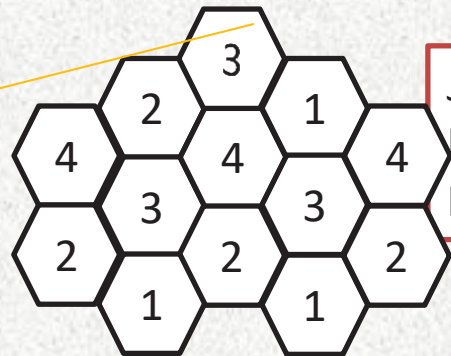
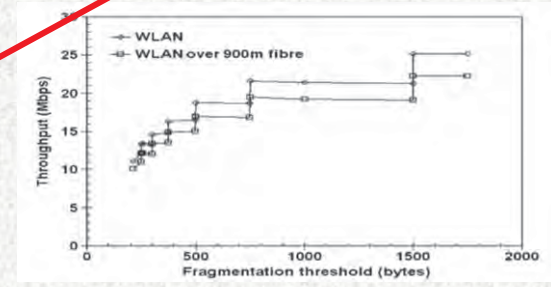
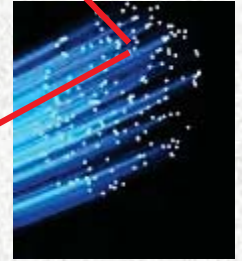


← ±250 m →



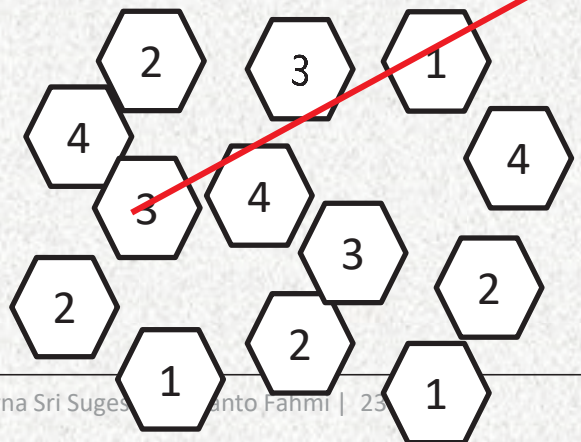
Jarak server ke AP pendek  
Bandwidth sempit  
Redaman koaksial besar

**PLUG  
&  
PLAY**



**DELAY**

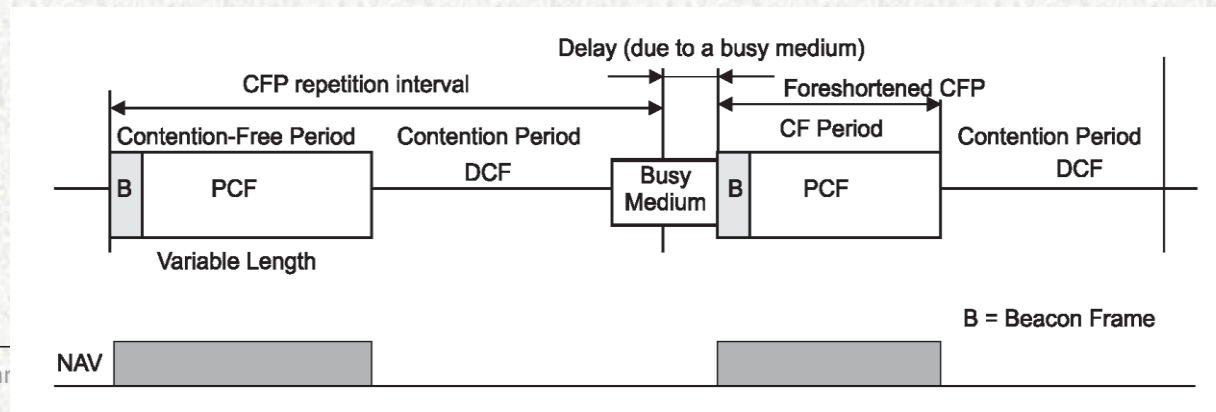
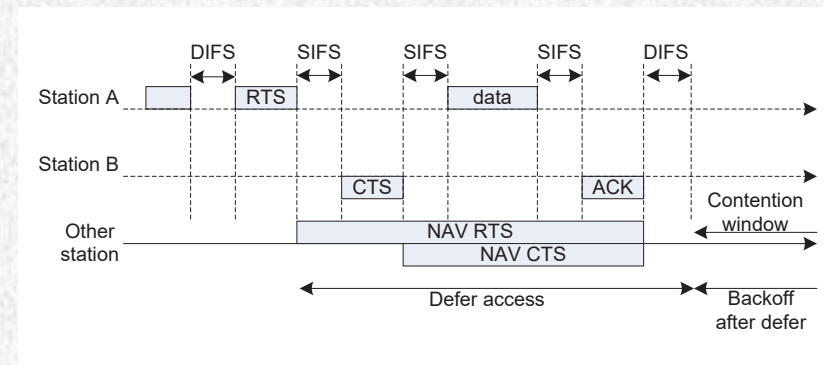
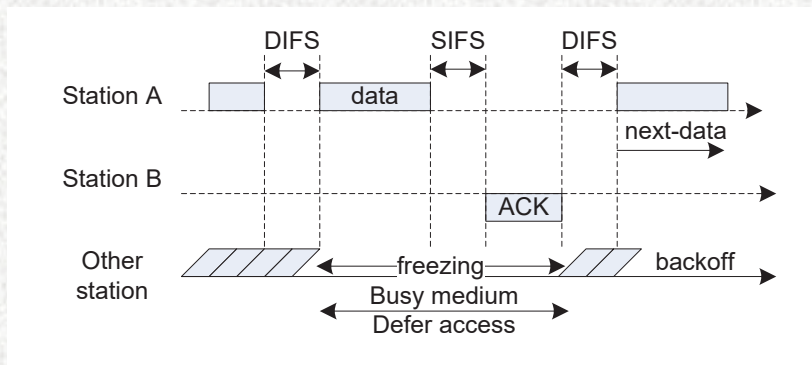
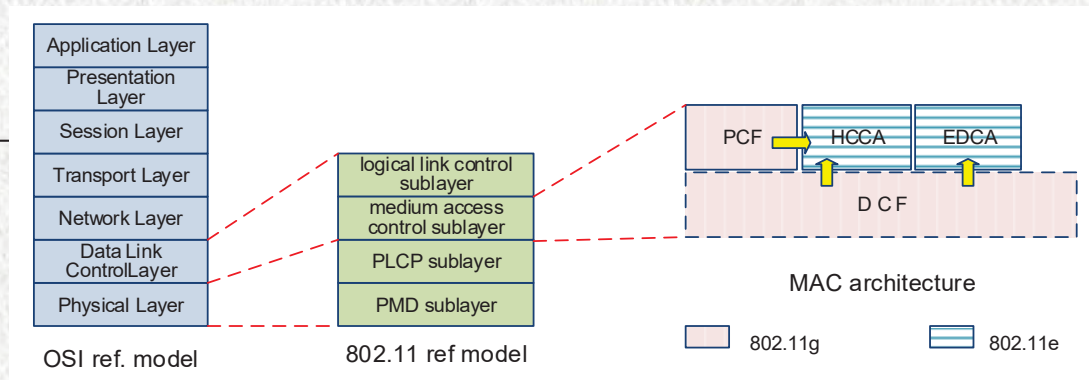
± 50-60 m



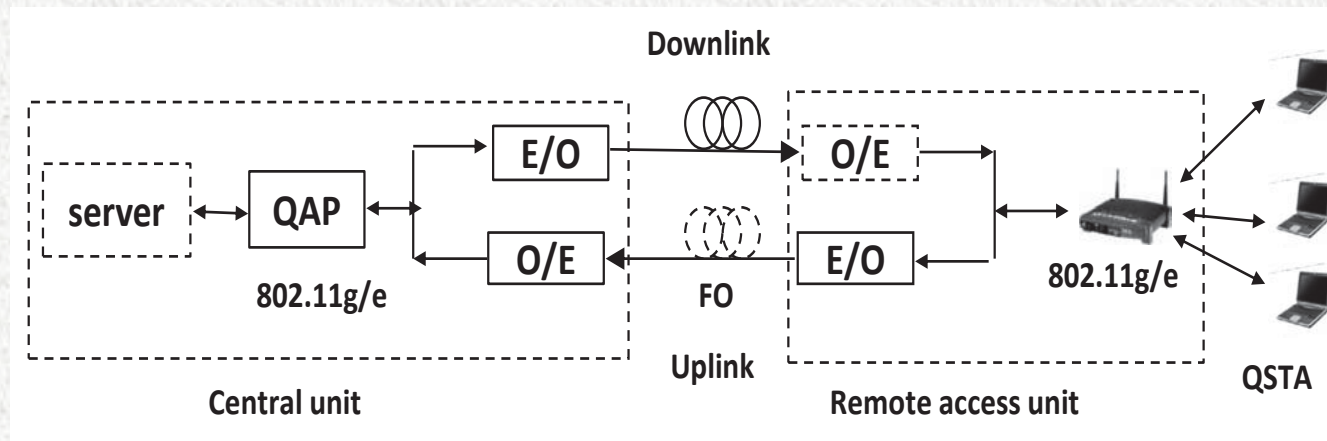
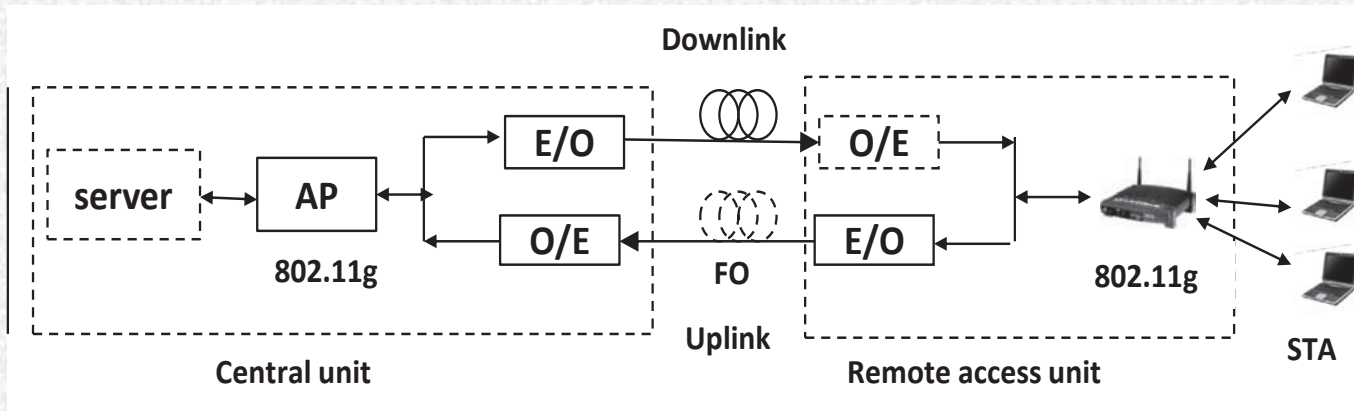
PROTOCOL ENGINEERING



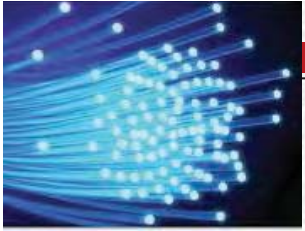
# Identifikasi Masalah (1)



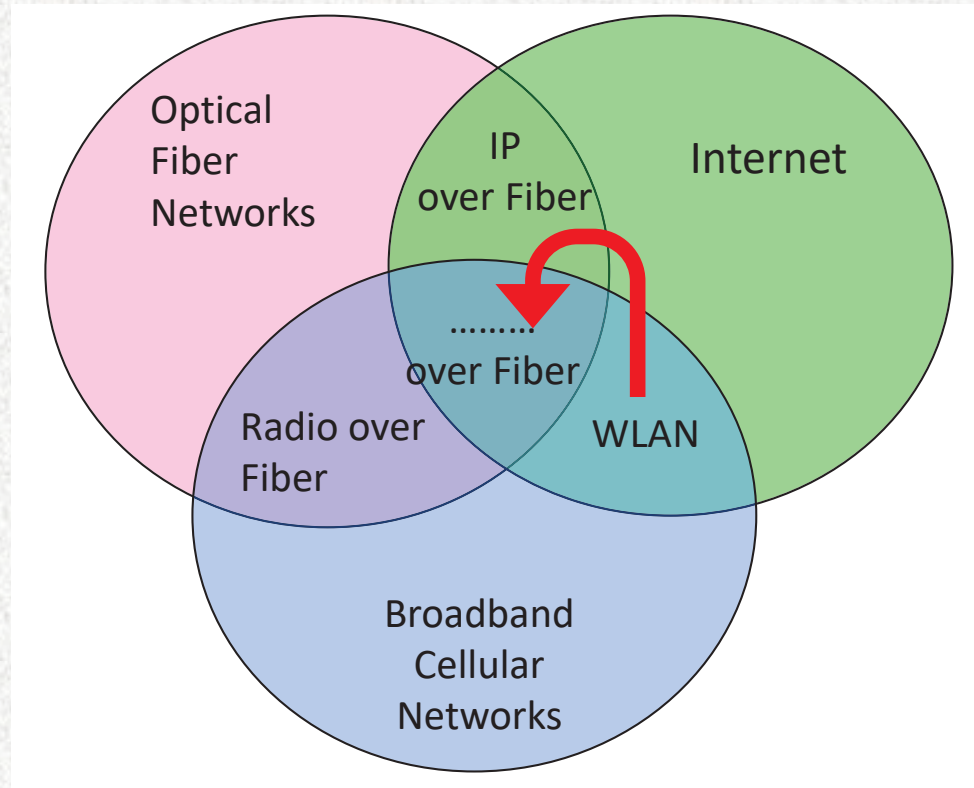
## Konfigurasi Jaringan

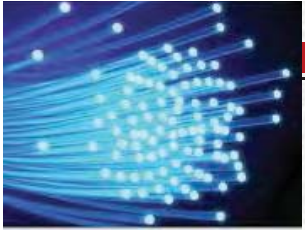






# State of the Arts

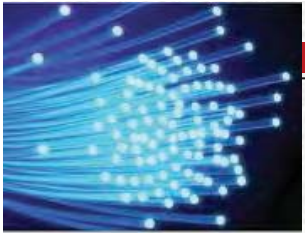




# Publikasi WiLANoF



Peneliti	Tahun	Protokol	Parameter
B. Kalantarisabet, et al.	2006	802.11b	DCF, BA, RTS/CTS, <i>Timeout</i>
A. Das, et al.	2007	802.11b/g	<i>Throughput</i> , RTS/CTS, <i>Hidden node</i>
M. Mjeku, et al.	2007	IEEE 802.11g/e, EDCA	<i>Throughput</i> , TXOP, <i>Policy block &amp; no ACK</i>
B. Kalantarisabet, et al.	2008	802.11b	<i>Throughput, Timeout</i>
M. Mjeku, et al .	2008	802.11b	<i>Throughput, DCF</i>
E. S. Sugesti, et al.	2009	802.11g	<i>Propagation medium delay</i>
E. S. Sugesti, et al.	2010	802.11g ERP-OFDM	<i>Delay bound, DCF, Timeout</i>
E. S. Sugesti, et al.	2010	Interoperable WLAN b/g, ERP-PBCC, ERP-CCK, DSSS-OFDM	<i>Delay bound, Timeout</i>
Shen Xi, et al.	2013	802.11g, ERP-OFDM	<i>Throughput, BA, RTS/CTS, CTS-to- Self, Timeout</i>

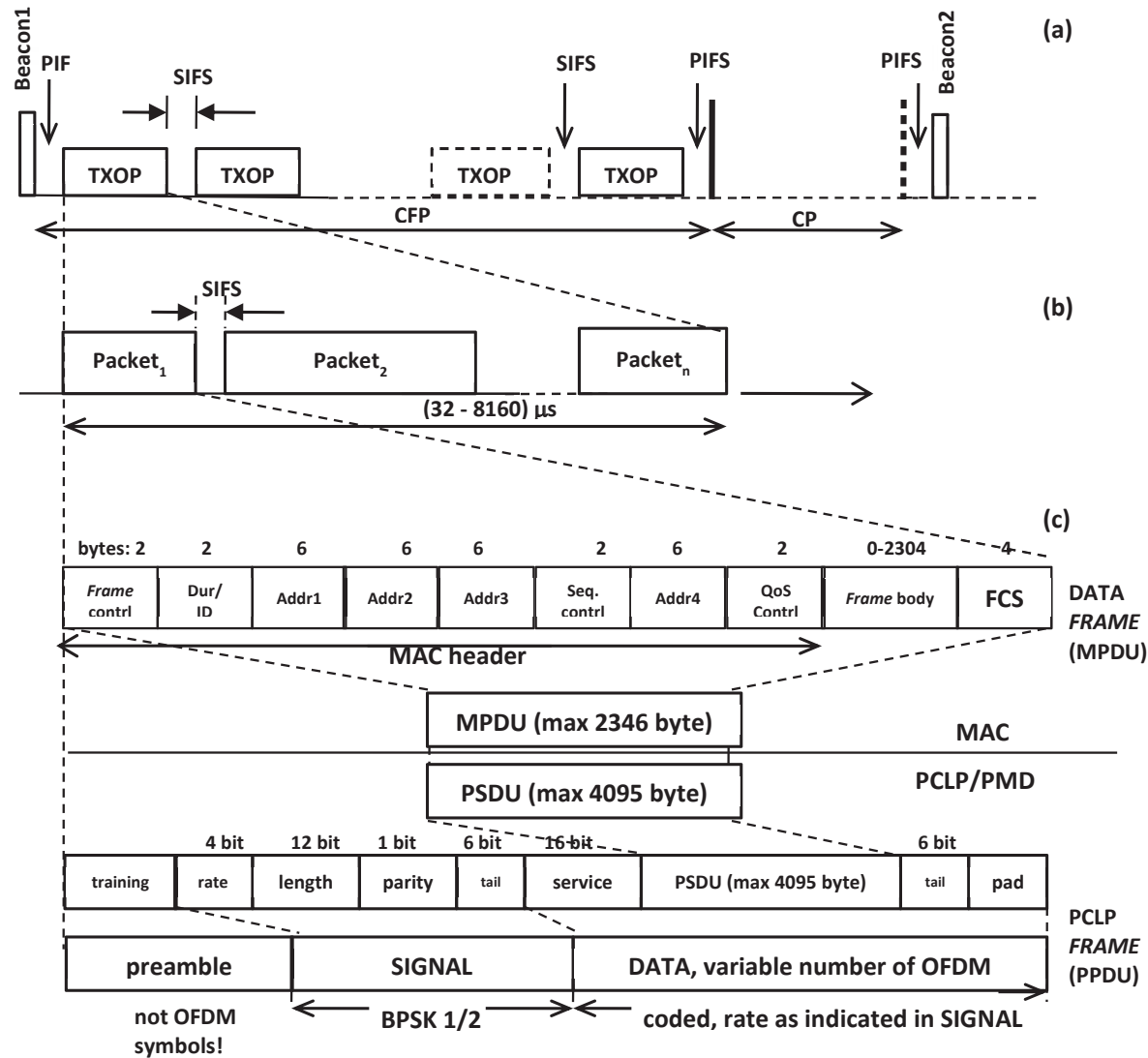


# Publikasi WLAN



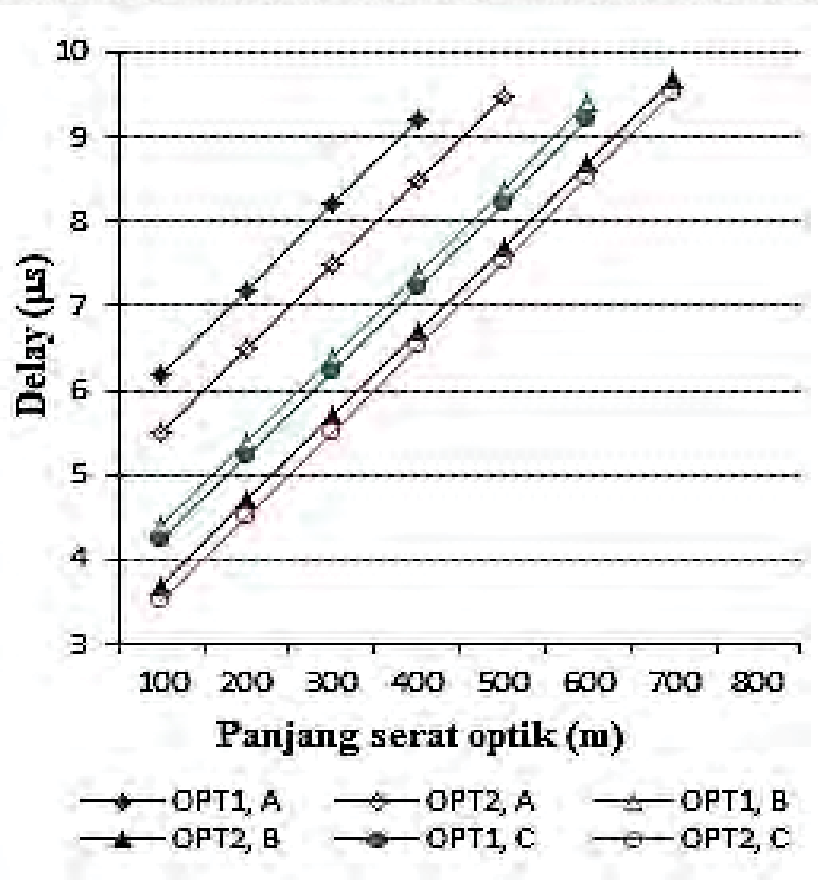
Peneliti & Tahun	Tahun	Protokol	Parameter
J. Majkowski, et al.	2006	IEEE 802.11e, EDCA	TXOP <i>Multiplepacket in single channel access</i>
Y. Higuchi, et al.	2007	IEEE 802.11e, HCCA	<i>Scheduling latency rate, Service interval, CBR &amp; VBR</i>
H. Zen, et al.	2008	IEEE 802.11e, EDCA	<i>Throughput Online and offline procedure optimization</i>
Y. He, et al.	2010	IEEE 802.11e, HCCA	<i>Single &amp; Multi collision, Deterministic backoff, CBR &amp; VBR</i>
E. S. Sugesti, et al.	2013	IEEE 802.11e, HCCA	<i>TXOP Knapsack optimization Real-time CBR</i>

# Model Rekayasa Protokol





# Panjang serat optik untuk SIFS



	$t_{opt}$ ( $\mu s$ )	$t_{air}$ ( $\mu s$ )	
OPT1	1,6	A	1
OPT2	1,25	B	0,1
		C	0,01

*Analysis of Delay Bound  
in IEEE 802.11g WLAN  
over Fiber Networks,  
pada International  
Conference on  
Telecommunication  
(ICTel) 2009 di Bandung*

## ANALYSIS OF DELAY BOUND IN IEEE 802.11g WLAN OVER FIBER NETWORKS

Erna Sri Sugesti<sup>1</sup>, Purnomo Sidi Priambodo<sup>2</sup>, Kalamullah Ramli<sup>2</sup>, Bagio Budiardjo<sup>2</sup>

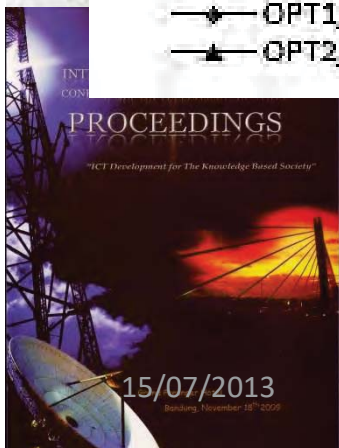
<sup>1</sup>Electrical Engineering Department, Telkom Institute of Engineering, Bandung 40257, Indonesia

<sup>2</sup>Faculty of Engineering, University of Indonesia, Depok 16424, Indonesia

ern@ittelkom.ac.id, ern.sri@ui.ac.id, {pspriambodo, bbudi, k.ramli}@ee.ui.ac.id

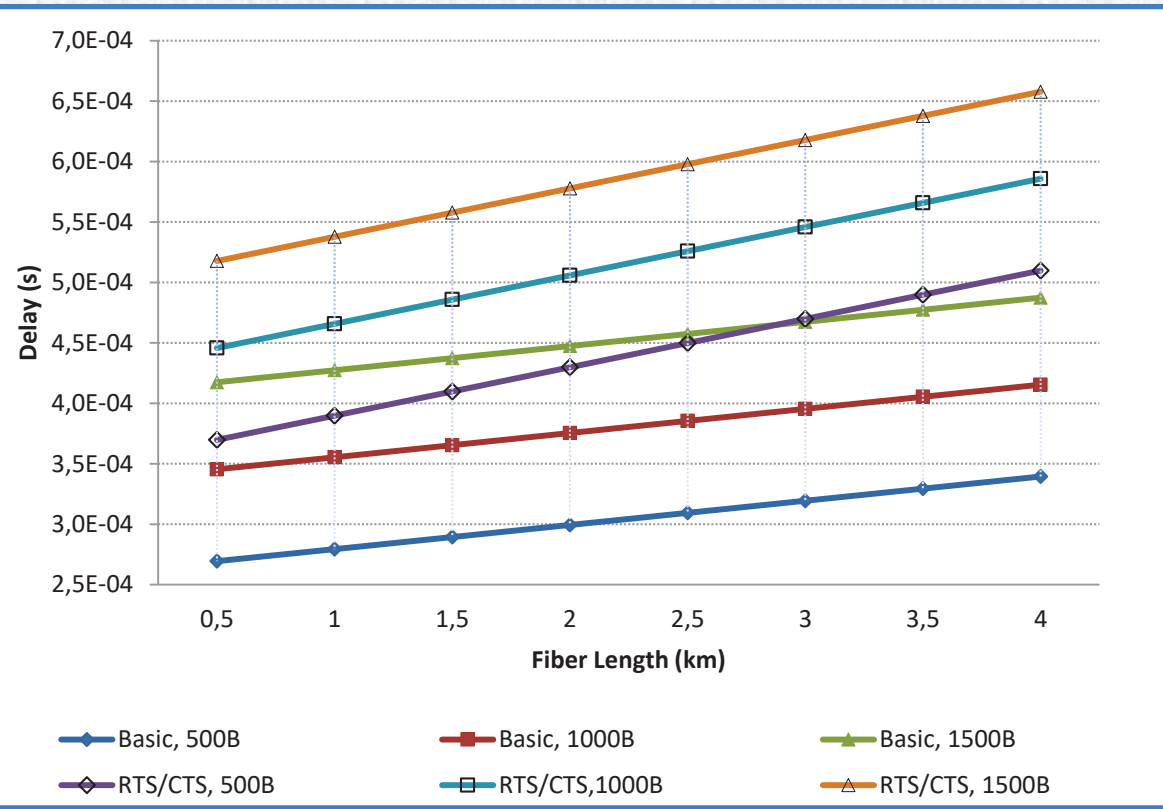
Sidang Promosi Doktor FT UI

**S2-TE**

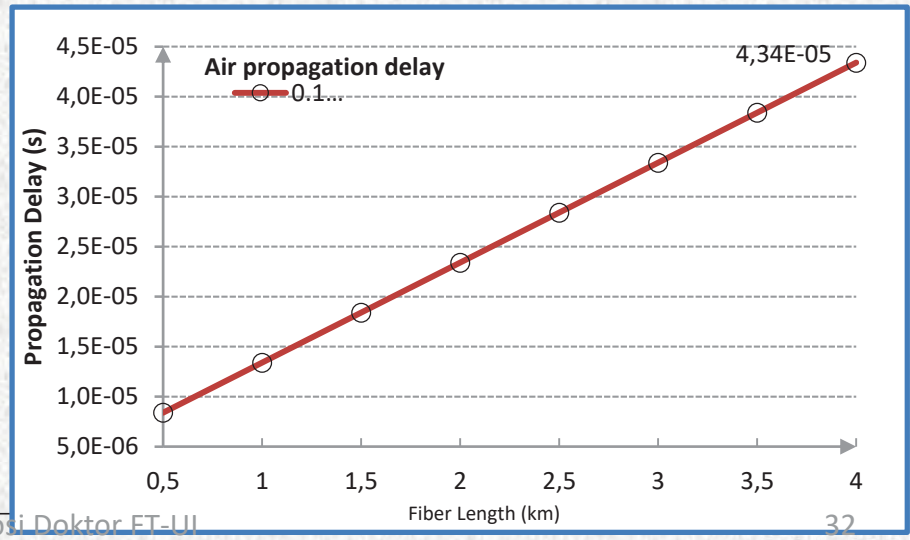




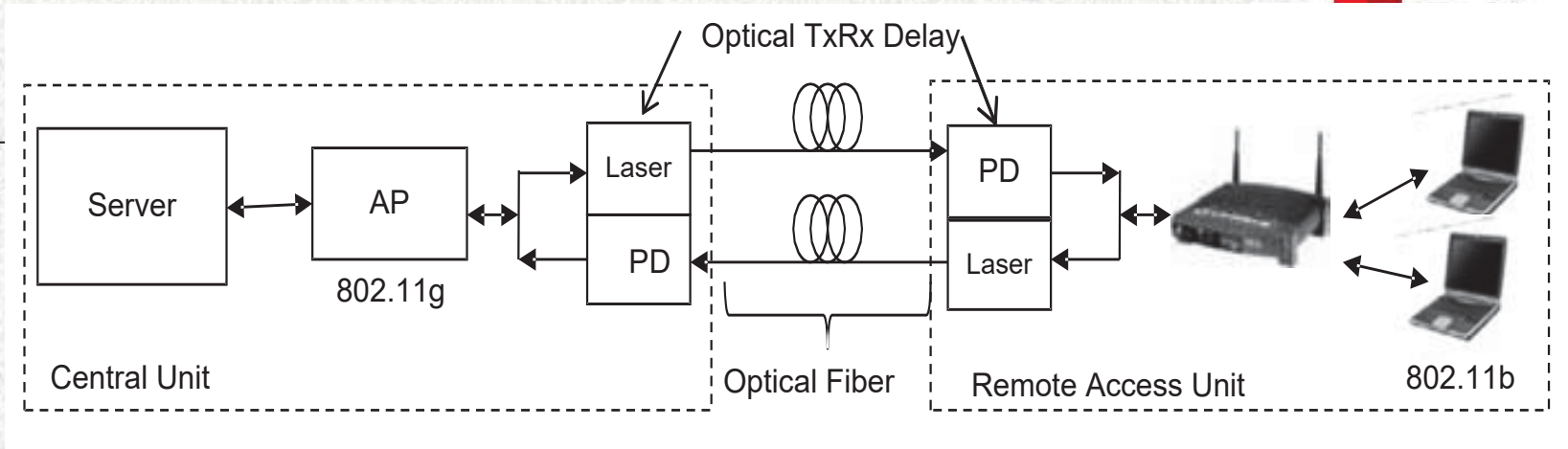
Delay Bound Analysis for Hybrid Network: IEEE 802.11g ERP-OFDM WLAN over Fiber, Proceedings of Australasia Telecommunication Network and Application Conference 2010 (ATNAC) di Auckland-New Zealand November 2010



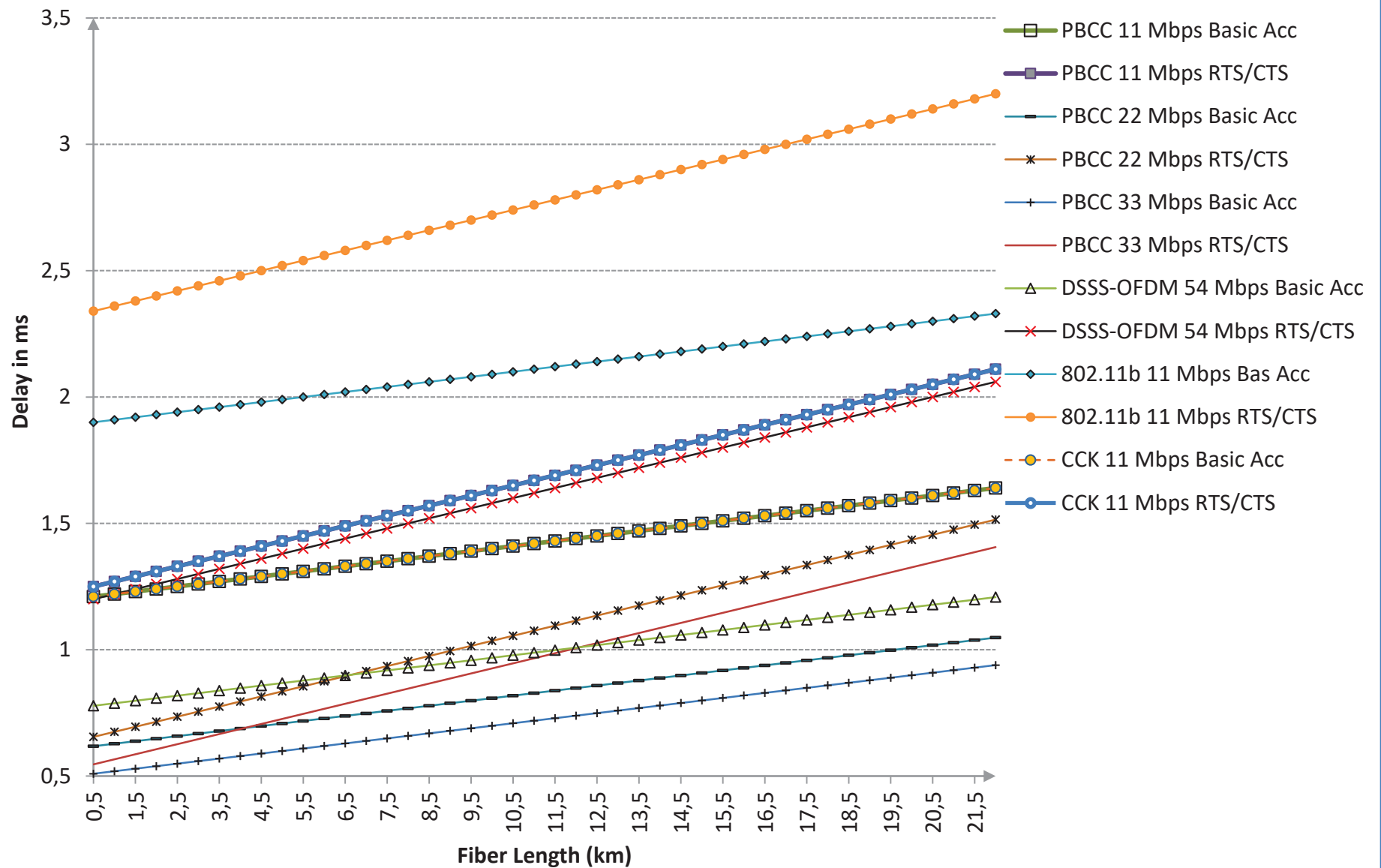
Frame Length (byte)	Basic access (ms)	RTS/CTS (ms)
500	335	501
1000	411	577
1500	483	649



# Analisis Interoperable IEEE 802.11b/g WLAN over Fiber



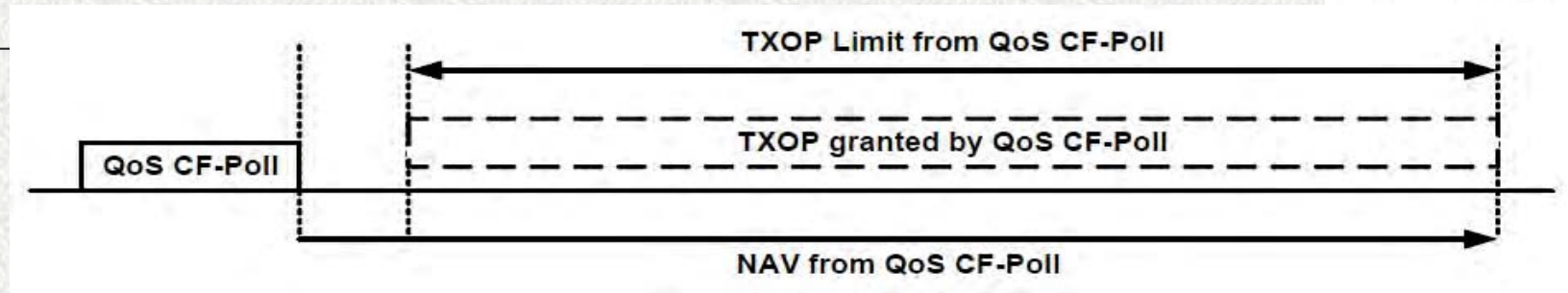
Modulasi	Delay Bound (ms) Skema Basic access untuk Panjang Frame			Delay Bound (ms) Skema RTS/CTS untuk Panjang Frame		
	500B	1000B	1500B	500B	1000B	1500B
802.11b 11 Mbps	1,59	1,95	2,32	2,47	2,83	3,19
802.11g CCK 11 Mbps	1,11	1,37	1,63	1,56	1,83	2,09
802.11g PBCC 11 Mbps	1,11	1,38	1,64	1,58	1,84	2,11
802.11g PBCC 22 Mbps	0,91	0,98	1,04	1,37	1,44	1,5
802.11g PBCC 33 Mbps	0,87	0,90	0,93	1,33	1,36	1,39
802.11g DSSS-OFDM 54 Mbps	1,05	1,13	1,20	1,9	1,98	2,05



**Delay Bound Analysis for Hybrid Networks: Interoperable IEEE 802.11b/g WLAN over Fiber,**  
 Proceedings of International Conference on Ultra Modern Telecommunication 2010 (ICUMT),  
 di Moscow-Russia Oktober 2010



# Konsep dan Formulasi Utilisasi TXOP



$$T_B = T_{CFP} + T_{CP}$$

$$T_{TXOP}^D = \frac{T_{CFP} - \{n \cdot T_{SIFS} + 2 \cdot T_{PIFS}\}}{N_{TXOP}}$$



$$n = N_{TXOP} - 1$$

$$T_{TXOP}^D = \sum_{i=0}^Q \frac{i(x)}{r(x)} + n \cdot T_{SIFS}$$



$$i(x) = (L_P + L_{LAY}) \times 8$$

$$L_{LAY} = L_{RTP} + L_{UDP} + L_{IP} + L_{MAC}$$